

TRIPTYCH
UNOFFICIAL TRANSLATION
PROPOSED AMENDMENTS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF
TOMTOM N.V.
DRAFT DATED 4 MAY 2020

This triptych contains the proposed amendment of the articles of association of TomTom N.V. (the "**Company**"), as will be submitted to the general meeting of the Company at its annual general meeting to be held on 15 June 2020.

The Management Board of the Company proposes to partially amend the articles of association of the Company in accordance with this proposal in order to bring the articles of association in line with current legislation. The Supervisory Board of the Company has approved this proposal.

This triptych is divided in three columns, containing the following information:

- a. The first column of this document includes the Company's articles of association how they read immediately prior to the amendment of the articles of association concerned becoming effective.
- b. The second column includes the proposed amendments.
- c. The third column includes explanatory notes to the proposed amendments.

This document contains an unofficial English translations of the current articles of association of the Company and the proposed amendments thereto. The Dutch text of the articles of association of the Company is decisive.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
Definitions Article 1. <p>The following definitions shall apply in these articles of association:</p> <p>a. general meeting: the body consisting of the shareholders entitled to vote and other persons entitled to vote as well as the meeting of shareholders and other persons entitled to attend meetings;</p> <p>b. subsidiary: has the meaning as referred to in article 2:24a Dutch Civil Code;</p> <p>c. group: has the meaning as referred to in article 2:24b Dutch Civil Code;</p> <p>d. group company: a legal entity or company with which the company is affiliated in a group;</p> <p>e. dependent company: has the meaning as referred to in article 2:152 Dutch Civil Code;</p> <p>f. Wge: the Act on security transaction by giro or bank (<i>Wet giraal effectenverkeer</i>);</p> <p>g. central institute: the central institute (<i>centraal instituut</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>h. intermediary: an intermediary (<i>intermediar</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>i. collection deposit: a collection deposit (<i>verzameldepot</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>j. giro deposit: a giro deposit (<i>girodepot</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>k. participants: participants (<i>deelgenoten</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>l. persons with voting rights: holders of shares with</p>	Definitions Article 1. <p>The following definitions shall apply in these articles of association:</p> <p>a. general meeting: the body consisting of the shareholders entitled to vote and other persons entitled to vote as well as the meeting of shareholders and other persons entitled to attend <u>with meetings</u> s rights;</p> <p>b. subsidiary: has the meaning as referred to in article 2:24a Dutch Civil Code;</p> <p>c. group: has the meaning as referred to in article 2:24b Dutch Civil Code;</p> <p>d. group company: a legal entity or company with which the company is affiliated in a group;</p> <p>e. dependent company: has the meaning as referred to in article 2:152 Dutch Civil Code;</p> <p>f. Wge: the Act on security transaction by giro or bank (<i>Wet giraal effectenverkeer</i>);</p> <p>g. central institute: the central institute (<i>centraal instituut</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>h. intermediary: an intermediary (<i>intermediar</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>i. collection deposit: a collection deposit (<i>verzameldepot</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>j. giro deposit: a giro deposit (<i>girodepot</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>k. participants: participants (<i>deelgenoten</i>) as referred to in the Wge;</p> <p>l. persons with voting rights: holders of shares with</p>	<p>It is proposed to align this wording with the definition under m.</p>

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<p>voting rights as well as holders of a right of usufruct on shares with the right to vote;</p> <p>m. persons with meeting rights: persons with voting rights as well as shareholders who do not have the right to vote.</p> <p>For the implementation of these articles of association, persons with voting rights and/or meeting rights with respect to shares included in a collection deposit or the giro deposit are considered to be the persons who as such are recorded in the administration of the intermediary which manages the collection deposit concerned respectively in which name a part in the giro deposit is registered.</p>	<p>voting rights as well as holders of a right of usufruct on shares with the right to vote;</p> <p>m. persons with meeting rights: persons with voting rights as well as shareholders who do not have the right to vote;</p> <p>n. <u>record date: the twenty-eighth day prior to a general meeting, or such other day as prescribed by law.</u></p> <p>For the implementation of these articles of association, persons with voting rights and/or meeting rights with respect to shares included in a collection deposit or the giro deposit are considered to be the persons who as such are recorded in the administration of the intermediary which manages the collection deposit concerned respectively in which name a part in the giro deposit is registered.</p>	<p>It is proposed to include the record date in the definition list.</p>
Name, seat Article 2.	Name, seat Article 2.	
1. The name of the company is: TomTom N.V.	1. The name of the company is: TomTom N.V.	
2. The company has its seat in Amsterdam.	2. The company has its seat in Amsterdam.	
Objects Article 3.	Objects Article 3.	
<p>The objects of the company are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> to participate in, to finance, to collaborate with, to conduct the management of companies and other enterprises and provide advice and other services; to acquire, use and/or assign industrial and intellectual property rights and real property; to invest funds; 	<p>The objects of the company are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> to participate in, to finance, to collaborate with, to conduct the management of companies and other enterprises and provide advice and other services; to acquire, use and/or assign industrial and intellectual property rights and real property; to invest funds; 	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> to provide security for the obligations of legal persons or of other companies with which the company is affiliated in a group or for the obligations of third parties; to undertake all that which is connected to the foregoing or in furtherance thereof, <p>all in the widest sense of the words.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> to provide security for the obligations of legal persons or of other companies with which the company is affiliated in a group or for the obligations of third parties; to undertake all that which is connected to the foregoing or in furtherance thereof, <p>all in the widest sense of the words.</p>	
Capital and shares Article 4.	Capital and shares Article 4.	
1. The company's authorised capital amounts to ninety million euro (EUR 90,000,000) and is divided into three hundred million (300,000,000) ordinary shares each with a nominal value of twenty cents (EUR 0.20) and one hundred and fifty million (150,000,000) preferred shares each with a nominal value of twenty cents (EUR 0.20).	1. The company's authorised capital amounts to ninety million euro (EUR 90,000,000) and is divided into three hundred million (300,000,000) ordinary shares each with a nominal value of twenty cents (EUR 0.20) and one hundred and fifty million (150,000,000) preferred shares each with a nominal value of twenty cents (EUR 0.20).	
2. Any reference in these articles of association to shares or shareholders respectively, shall mean the classes of shares, respectively shareholders, unless expressly stated otherwise.	2. Any reference in these articles of association to shares or shareholders respectively, shall mean the classes of shares, respectively shareholders, unless expressly stated otherwise.	
3. The ordinary shares and the preferred shares shall be registered shares. The shares shall be numbered in such a manner that they can be distinguished from each other at any time. No share certificates shall be issued for the shares.	3. The ordinary shares and the preferred shares shall be registered shares. The shares shall be numbered in such a manner that they can be distinguished from each other at any time. No share certificates shall be issued for the shares.	
4. The company cannot cooperate with the issue of depositary receipts issued for shares in its own capital.	4. The company cannot cooperate with the issue of depositary receipts issued for shares in its own capital.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
<p>The issue of shares Article 5.</p> <p>1. Shares shall be issued pursuant to a resolution, containing the price and further terms of issue, of the general meeting, or pursuant to such resolution of the Management Board if designated thereto by the general meeting or by these articles of association for a period allowed by law. Unless the Management Board is designated to issue shares, a resolution to issue may only be passed on proposal of the Management Board. A resolution of the general meeting or the Management Board to issue shares is subject to the prior approval of the Supervisory Board. At the designation of the Management Board, the number and class of shares that may be issued by the Management Board should be determined. The designation may be prolonged each time for a period allowed by law. Unless it has been determined differently at the designation, it cannot be revoked.</p> <p>2. A resolution of the general meeting to issue or to designate the Management Board as referred to above, requires a prior or simultaneous approving resolution of each group of shareholders of the same class whose rights are prejudiced by the issue.</p> <p>3. Within eight days after a resolution of the general meeting to issue shares or to designate the Management Board, as referred to above, the</p>	<p>The issue of shares Article 5.</p> <p>1. Shares shall be issued pursuant to a resolution, containing the price and further terms of issue, of the general meeting, or pursuant to such resolution of the Management Board if designated thereto by the general meeting or by these articles of association for a period allowed by law. Unless the Management Board is designated to issue shares, a resolution to issue may only be passed on proposal of the Management Board. A resolution of the general meeting or the Management Board to issue shares is subject to the prior approval of the Supervisory Board. At the designation of the Management Board, the number and class of shares that may be issued by the Management Board should be determined. The designation may be prolonged each time for a period allowed by law. Unless it has been determined differently at the designation, it cannot be revoked.</p> <p>2. A resolution of the general meeting to issue or to designate the Management Board as referred to above, requires a prior or simultaneous approving resolution of each group of shareholders of the same class whose rights are prejudiced by the issue.</p> <p>3. Within eight days after a resolution of the general meeting to issue shares or to designate the Management Board, as referred to above, the</p>	

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<p>Management Board shall deposit a complete text thereof at the office of the Trade Register.</p> <p>Within eight days after the end of a calendar quarter, the Management Board shall submit a statement of all share issues made during the past calendar quarter to the office of the Trade Register, stating the number and class.</p>	<p>Management Board shall deposit a complete text thereof at the office of the Trade Register.</p> <p>Within eight days after the end of a calendar quarter, the Management Board shall submit a statement of all share issues made during the past calendar quarter to the office of the Trade Register, stating the number and class.</p>	
<p>4. If and to the extent that the Management Board has been designated to resolve on the issue of shares, then, in the event of an issue of preferred shares, including the granting of a right to subscribe for preferred shares, but not of the issue of preferred shares following the exercise of such right, the Management Board shall be obliged to convene a general meeting within eight weeks after that issue, at which meeting the reasons for the issue shall be explained, unless prior thereto such explanation has been given at a general meeting.</p>	<p>4. If and to the extent that the Management Board has been designated to resolve on the issue of shares, then, in the event of an issue of preferred shares, including the granting of a right to subscribe for preferred shares, but not of the issue of preferred shares following the exercise of such right, the Management Board shall be obliged to convene a general meeting within eight weeks after that issue, at which meeting the reasons for the issue shall be explained, unless prior thereto such explanation has been given at a general meeting.</p>	
<p>5. If preferred shares are issued a general meeting will be convened to be held not later than one (1) year after the day on which for the first time preferred shares were issued.</p> <p>At that general meeting, purchase or withdrawal of the preferred shares will be considered.</p> <p>If the general meeting will not resolve to purchase or to withdraw the preferred shares, each one (1) year after the latter general meeting, a general meeting will be convened and held at which meetings purchase or withdrawal of the preferred</p>	<p>5. If preferred shares are issued a general meeting will be convened to be held not later than one (1) year after the day on which for the first time preferred shares were issued.</p> <p>At that general meeting, purchase or withdrawal of the preferred shares will be considered.</p> <p>If the general meeting will not resolve to purchase or to withdraw the preferred shares, each one (1) year after the latter general meeting, a general meeting will be convened and held at which meetings purchase or withdrawal of the preferred</p>	

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<p>shares will be considered, such until no preferred shares will be outstanding.</p> <p>The provisions above in this paragraph will not apply to preferred shares issued pursuant to a resolution of the general meeting.</p>	<p>shares will be considered, such until no preferred shares will be outstanding.</p> <p>The provisions above in this paragraph will not apply to preferred shares issued pursuant to a resolution of the general meeting.</p>	
<p>6. The provisions of paragraphs 1 through 5 of this article shall apply mutatis mutandis to granting rights to acquire shares, but do not apply to the issue of shares to a party exercising a previously obtained right to acquire shares.</p>	<p>6. The provisions of paragraphs 1 through 5 of this article shall apply mutatis mutandis to granting rights to acquire shares, but do not apply to the issue of shares to a party exercising a previously obtained right to acquire shares.</p>	
<p>7. Issue of shares shall never be below par, without prejudice to the provisions of article 2:80 paragraph 2 Dutch Civil Code.</p>	<p>7. Issue of shares shall never be below par, without prejudice to the provisions of article 2:80 paragraph 2 Dutch Civil Code.</p>	
<p>8. Ordinary shares shall be issued against payment of at least the nominal value; preferred shares may be issued against partial payment, provided that at least one/fourth of the nominal value must be paid upon the issuance.</p>	<p>8. Ordinary shares shall be issued against payment of at least the nominal value; preferred shares may be issued against partial payment, provided that at least one/fourth of the nominal value must be paid upon the issuance.</p>	
<p>9. Payment on shares must be made in cash to the extent that no other contribution has been agreed - subject to the provisions of article 2:80b Dutch Civil Code.</p> <p>Payment in foreign currency may only be made with the permission of the company and also subject to the provisions of article 2:80a paragraph 3 Dutch Civil Code.</p>	<p>9. Payment on shares must be made in cash to the extent that no other contribution has been agreed - subject to the provisions of article 2:80b Dutch Civil Code.</p> <p>Payment in foreign currency may only be made with the permission of the company and also subject to the provisions of article 2:80a paragraph 3 Dutch Civil Code.</p>	
<p>10. The Management Board may at any desired time determine the day on which further payments on non-fully-paid-up preferred shares must be made, and in what amount.</p>	<p>10. The Management Board may at any desired time determine the day on which further payments on non-fully-paid-up preferred shares must be made, and in what amount.</p>	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
The Management Board shall give the holders of the preferred shares immediate notice of such resolution; there must be at least thirty days between that notification and the day on which the payment must have occurred.	The Management Board shall give the holders of the preferred shares immediate notice of such resolution; there must be at least thirty days between that notification and the day on which the payment must have occurred.	
11. The Management Board is authorised, without any prior approval of the general meeting, to perform legal acts within the meaning of article 2:94 paragraph 1 Dutch Civil Code.	11. The Management Board is authorised, without any prior approval of the general meeting, to perform legal acts within the meaning of article 2:94 paragraph 1 Dutch Civil Code.	
Pre-emptive rights Article 6.	Pre-emptive rights Article 6.	
1. Without prejudice to the applicable legal provisions, upon the issue of ordinary shares, every holder of ordinary shares has a pre-emptive right in proportion to the aggregate amount of ordinary shares held by him.	1. Without prejudice to the applicable legal provisions, upon the issue of ordinary shares, every holder of ordinary shares has a pre-emptive right in proportion to the aggregate amount of ordinary shares held by him.	
2. Upon the issue of preferred shares, every holder of preferred shares has a pre-emptive right in proportion to the aggregate amount of preferred shares held by him.	2. Upon the issue of preferred shares, every holder of preferred shares has a pre-emptive right in proportion to the aggregate amount of preferred shares held by him.	
3. Holders of preferred shares have no pre-emptive right to ordinary shares to be issued. Holders of ordinary shares have no pre-emptive right to preferred shares to be issued.	3. Holders of preferred shares have no pre-emptive right to ordinary shares to be issued. Holders of ordinary shares have no pre-emptive right to preferred shares to be issued.	
4. Upon the issue of shares, there is no pre-emptive right to shares which were issued against payment other than in cash.	4. Upon the issue of shares, there is no pre-emptive right to shares which were issued against payment other than in cash.	
5. The Management Board shall announce an issue with pre-emptive rights and the time frame within which the pre-emptive rights may be exercised in	5. The Management Board shall announce an issue with pre-emptive rights and the time frame within which the pre-emptive rights may be exercised in	

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the Government Gazette (<i>Staatscourant</i>) and in a nationally distributed newspaper, unless the announcement to all holders of shares is made in writing and sent to the address stated by them.	the Government Gazette (<i>Staatscourant</i>) and in a nationally distributed newspaper, unless the announcement to all holders of shares is made in writing and sent to the address stated by them.	
6. The pre-emptive right may be exercised at least two weeks following the day of the announcement in the Government Gazette or after the mailing of the announcement to the shareholders.	6. The pre-emptive right may be exercised at least two weeks following the day of the announcement in the Government Gazette or after the mailing of the announcement to the shareholders.	
7. The pre-emptive right may be restricted or excluded by resolution of the general meeting or by the Management Board if designated thereto by the general meeting or by these articles of association, for a period allowed by law, and also authorised to issue shares during that period. Unless it has been determined differently at the designation, the right of the Management Board to restrict or to exclude the pre-emptive right cannot be revoked. Unless the Management Board is designated to restrict or to exclude the pre-emptive right, a resolution to restrict or exclude the pre-emptive right will be passed on proposal of the Management Board. A resolution by the general meeting or by the Management Board to restrict or exclude the pre-emptive right is subject to the prior approval of the Supervisory Board. In the proposal in respect thereof, the reasons for the proposal and the determination of the intended issue price shall be explained in writing.	7. The pre-emptive right may be restricted or excluded by resolution of the general meeting or by the Management Board if designated thereto by the general meeting or by these articles of association, for a period allowed by law, and also authorised to issue shares during that period. Unless it has been determined differently at the designation, the right of the Management Board to restrict or to exclude the pre-emptive right cannot be revoked. Unless the Management Board is designated to restrict or to exclude the pre-emptive right, a resolution to restrict or exclude the pre-emptive right will be passed on proposal of the Management Board. A resolution by the general meeting or by the Management Board to restrict or exclude the pre-emptive right is subject to the prior approval of the Supervisory Board. In the proposal in respect thereof, the reasons for the proposal and the determination of the intended issue price shall be explained in writing.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
<p>8. A resolution of the general meeting to restrict or exclude the pre-emptive right or to designate the Management Board as referred to in paragraph 7 requires a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast, if less than half of the issued capital is represented at the meeting.</p> <p>Within eight days after said resolution, the Management Board shall deposit a complete text thereof at the office of the Trade Register.</p>	<p>8. A resolution of the general meeting to restrict or exclude the pre-emptive right or to designate the Management Board as referred to in paragraph 7 requires a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast, if less than half of the issued capital is represented at the meeting.</p> <p>Within eight days after said resolution, the Management Board shall deposit a complete text thereof at the office of the Trade Register.</p>	
<p>9. With respect to granting rights to take ordinary or preferred shares, the above provisions of this article shall apply accordingly.</p> <p>Shareholders shall have no pre-emptive right to shares that are issued to a party exercising a previously obtained right to acquire shares.</p>	<p>9. With respect to granting rights to take ordinary or preferred shares, the above provisions of this article shall apply accordingly.</p> <p>Shareholders shall have no pre-emptive right to shares that are issued to a party exercising a previously obtained right to acquire shares.</p>	
<p>Own shares, right of pledge on own shares Article 7.</p>	<p>Own shares, right of pledge on own shares Article 7.</p>	
<p>1. The company may not subscribe for shares in its own capital.</p>	<p>1. The company may not subscribe for shares in its own capital.</p>	
<p>2. Any acquisition by the company of shares in its own capital that are not fully paid-up shall be null and void.</p>	<p>2. Any acquisition by the company of shares in its own capital that are not fully paid-up shall be null and void.</p>	
<p>3. The company may acquire fully paid-up shares in its own capital for no consideration, or if:</p> <p>a. the shareholders' equity less the acquisition price is not less than the sum of the paid in and called up part of its capital and the reserves that it is required to maintain by law; and</p> <p>b. the nominal value of the shares to be</p>	<p>3. The company may acquire fully paid-up shares in its own capital for no consideration, or if:</p> <p>a. the shareholders' equity less the acquisition price is not less than the sum of the paid in and called up part of its capital and the reserves that it is required to maintain by law; and</p> <p>b. the nominal value of the shares to be</p>	

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<p>acquired in its capital, which the company itself holds or holds in pledge, or which are held by a subsidiary is not more than half of the issued capital.</p>	<p>acquired in its capital, which the company itself holds or holds in pledge, or which are held by a subsidiary is not more than half of the issued capital.</p>	
<p>4. For the purposes of subparagraph a of paragraph 3, the amount of the shareholders' equity according to the last adopted balance sheet shall be decisive less (i) the acquisition price of shares in the capital of the company, (ii) loans granted in accordance with article 2:98c paragraph 2 Dutch Civil Code and (iii) distributions to others from profits or reserves becoming due by the company and its subsidiaries after the balance sheet date. If more than six months have elapsed since the commencement of the financial year, and no annual accounts have been adopted, then an acquisition in accordance with paragraph 3 above shall not be permitted.</p>	<p>4. For the purposes of subparagraph a of paragraph 3, the amount of the shareholders' equity according to the last adopted balance sheet shall be decisive less (i) the acquisition price of shares in the capital of the company, (ii) loans granted in accordance with article 2:98c paragraph 2 Dutch Civil Code and (iii) distributions to others from profits or reserves becoming due by the company and its subsidiaries after the balance sheet date. If more than six months have elapsed since the commencement of the financial year, and no annual accounts have been adopted, then an acquisition in accordance with paragraph 3 above shall not be permitted.</p>	
<p>5. The Management Board shall require the authorization of the general meeting for an acquisition other than for no consideration. This authorization shall be valid for a maximum of eighteen months.</p> <p>The general meeting shall determine in the authorization how many shares and which class of shares may be acquired, how they may be acquired and between what limits the price must lie.</p> <p>The authorisation referred to in this paragraph is not required to the extent the company acquires</p>	<p>5. The Management Board shall require the authorization of the general meeting for an acquisition other than for no consideration. This authorization shall be valid for a maximum of eighteen months.</p> <p>The general meeting shall determine in the authorization how many shares and which class of shares may be acquired, how they may be acquired and between what limits the price must lie.</p> <p>The authorisation referred to in this paragraph is not required to the extent the company acquires</p>	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
its own shares quoted in the listing of any stock exchange in order to transfer them to employees of the company or of a group company pursuant to a scheme applicable to such employees.	its own shares quoted in the listing of any stock exchange in order to transfer them to employees of the company or of a group company pursuant to a scheme applicable to such employees.	
6. The Management Board shall decide upon alienation of shares acquired by the company in its own capital.	6. The Management Board shall decide upon alienation of shares acquired by the company in its own capital.	
7. The company may only take its own shares in pledge subject to the provisions of article 2:89a Dutch Civil Code.	7. The company may only take its own shares in pledge subject to the provisions of article 2:89a Dutch Civil Code.	
8. The company is not entitled to any distributions from shares in its own capital. In the calculation of the distribution of profits, the shares referred to in the previous sentence are not counted unless there is a right of usufruct or right of pledge on such shares, if the pledgee is entitled to the distributions on the shares, for the benefit of a party other than the company.	8. The company is not entitled to any distributions from shares in its own capital. In the calculation of the distribution of profits, the shares referred to in the previous sentence are not counted unless there is a right of usufruct or right of pledge on such shares, if the pledgee is entitled to the distributions on the shares, for the benefit of a party other than the company.	
9. No vote may be cast at the general meeting for shares held by the company or to a subsidiary. Usufructuaries of shares that belong to the company or a subsidiary are, however, not excluded from exercising their right to vote if the right of usufruct was created before the share belonged to the company or a subsidiary. The company or a subsidiary cannot cast a vote for a share on which it has a right of usufruct. In determining the extent to which the shareholders vote, are present or represented, or the extent to which the share capital is provided or	9. No vote may be cast at the general meeting for shares held by the company or to a subsidiary. Usufructuaries of shares that belong to the company or a subsidiary are, however, not excluded from exercising their right to vote if the right of usufruct was created before the share belonged to the company or a subsidiary. The company or a subsidiary cannot cast a vote for a share on which it has a right of usufruct. In determining the extent to which the shareholders vote, are present or represented, or the extent to which the share capital is provided or	

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represented, the shares on which, by law, no vote may be cast shall not be taken into account.	represented, the shares on which, by law, no vote may be cast shall not be taken into account.	
10. A subsidiary may not subscribe for its own account or have issued for shares in the capital of the company.	10. A subsidiary may not subscribe for its own account or have issued for shares in the capital of the company.	
11. The preceding paragraphs shall not apply to shares which the company acquires by universal succession of title (<i>verkrijging onder algemene titel</i>).	11. The preceding paragraphs shall not apply to shares which the company acquires by universal succession of title (<i>verkrijging onder algemene titel</i>).	
Financial assistance Article 8.	Financial assistance Article 8.	
Neither the company nor any of its subsidiaries may provide collateral, guarantee the price, otherwise guarantee or bind itself jointly or severally with or for third parties, for the purpose of the subscription or acquisition by third parties of shares in its capital. The company and its subsidiaries may grant loans for the purpose of enabling third parties to subscribe for or acquire shares in the company's capital or depositary receipts issued therefore to the extent permitted by law.	Neither the company nor any of its subsidiaries may provide collateral, guarantee the price, otherwise guarantee or bind itself jointly or severally with or for third parties, for the purpose of the subscription or acquisition by third parties of shares in its capital. The company and its subsidiaries may grant loans for the purpose of enabling third parties to subscribe for or acquire shares in the company's capital or depositary receipts issued therefore to the extent permitted by law.	
Reduction of capital Article 9.	Reduction of capital Article 9.	
1. The general meeting may decide to reduce the issued capital upon proposal by the Management Board and subject to the provisions of article 2:99 Dutch Civil Code by cancellation of shares or by reducing the amount of shares by amendment of these articles of association. This resolution must designate the shares to which the resolution pertains and must regulate	1. The general meeting may decide to reduce the issued capital upon proposal by the Management Board and subject to the provisions of article 2:99 Dutch Civil Code by cancellation of shares or by reducing the amount of shares by amendment of these articles of association. This resolution must designate the shares to which the resolution pertains and must regulate	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
<p>the implementation of the resolution. Cancellation with repayment on shares or partial repayment on shares or discharge of the obligation to pay, as referred to in article 2:99 Dutch Civil Code may also be effected exclusively with respect to a separate class of shares. A partial repayment or discharge must be effected in proportion to all shares involved. The general meeting may resolve to cancel with repayment all preference shares, irrespective of who holds them, without prejudice to paragraph 2.</p>	<p>the implementation of the resolution. Cancellation with repayment on shares or partial repayment on shares or discharge of the obligation to pay, as referred to in article 2:99 Dutch Civil Code may also be effected exclusively with respect to a separate class of shares. A partial repayment or discharge must be effected in proportion to all shares involved. The general meeting may resolve to cancel with repayment all preference shares, irrespective of who holds them, without prejudice to paragraph 2.</p>	
<p>2. For a resolution to reduce the capital, a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast shall be required if less than half of the issued capital is represented at the meeting. A resolution to reduce capital requires prior or simultaneous approval of the meeting of each group of holders of shares of the same class whose rights are prejudiced. The above referred to approval of the meeting of each group of holders of shares of the same class whose rights are prejudiced requires a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast if less than half of the issued capital of the relevant class of shareholders is represented at such meeting. The convocation to a meeting at which a resolution referred to in this article will be passed shall state the purpose of the capital reduction and how it is to be implemented; the second, third and fourth paragraphs of article 2:123 Dutch Civil</p>	<p>2. For a resolution to reduce the capital, a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast shall be required if less than half of the issued capital is represented at the meeting. A resolution to reduce capital requires prior or simultaneous approval of the meeting of each group of holders of shares of the same class whose rights are prejudiced. The above referred to approval of the meeting of each group of holders of shares of the same class whose rights are prejudiced requires a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast if less than half of the issued capital of the relevant class of shareholders is represented at such meeting. The convocation to a meeting at which a resolution referred to in this article will be passed shall state the purpose of the capital reduction and how it is to be implemented; the second, third and fourth paragraphs of article 2:123 Dutch Civil</p>	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
Code shall apply.	Code shall apply.	
Register of shareholders Article 10.	Register of shareholders Article 10.	
1. The Management Board shall keep a register in which the names and addresses of all holders of shares are recorded, indicating the class of shares, date on which they acquired the shares, the date of the acknowledgement or service as well as the amount paid-up on each share.	1. The Management Board shall keep a register in which the names and addresses of all holders of shares are recorded, indicating the class of shares, date on which they acquired the shares, the date of the acknowledgement or service as well as the amount paid-up on each share.	
2. If shares are transferred to an intermediary to include these shares in a collection deposit or to the central institute to include these shares in the giro deposit, the name and address of the intermediary respectively the central institute will be entered in the shareholders' register, mentioning the date on which the shares concerned were included in a collection deposit respectively the giro deposit, the date of acknowledgement or service, as well as the amount-paid on each share.	2. If shares are transferred to an intermediary to include these shares in a collection deposit or to the central institute to include these shares in the giro deposit, the name and address of the intermediary respectively the central institute will be entered in the shareholders' register, mentioning the date on which the shares concerned were included in a collection deposit respectively the giro deposit, the date of acknowledgement or service, as well as the amount-paid on each share.	
3. The names and addresses of those with a right of usufruct or pledge on those shares shall also be recorded in the register, stating the date on which the parties acquired the right, the date of acknowledgement or service, as well as stating those rights to which the usufructuaries are entitled in connection with the shares pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 4 of articles 2:88 Dutch Civil Code and stating that pledgees do not have voting rights on shares nor the rights conferred by law	3. The names and addresses of those with a right of usufruct or pledge on those shares shall also be recorded in the register, stating the date on which the parties acquired the right, the date of acknowledgement or service, as well as stating those rights to which the usufructuaries are entitled in connection with the shares pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 4 of articles 2:88 Dutch Civil Code and stating that pledgees do not have voting rights on shares nor the rights conferred by law	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
upon holders of depository receipts.	upon holders of depository receipts.	
4. The register shall be up-dated regularly; it shall also record any discharge of liability for payments not yet made.	4. The register shall be up-dated regularly; it shall also record any discharge of liability for payments not yet made.	
5. If so requested, the Management Board shall provide, free of charge, an extract from the register to a holder of registered shares, a usufructuary or a pledgee of registered shares pertaining to his right to such registered shares. If a share is subject to a right of usufruct then the extract shall state who is entitled to the rights referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4 of the articles 2:88 Dutch Civil Code. If a share is subject to a right of pledge then the extract shall state that the pledgee is not entitled to vote on shares and that the pledgee does not have the rights conferred by law upon holders of depository receipts.	5. If so requested, the Management Board shall provide, free of charge, an extract from the register to a holder of registered shares, a usufructuary or a pledgee of registered shares pertaining to his right to such registered shares. If a share is subject to a right of usufruct then the extract shall state who is entitled to the rights referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4 of the articles 2:88 Dutch Civil Code. If a share is subject to a right of pledge then the extract shall state that the pledgee is not entitled to vote on shares and that the pledgee does not have the rights conferred by law upon holders of depository receipts.	
6. The Management Board shall make the register available at the offices of the company for inspection by the holders of registered shares, as well as the usufructuaries and pledgees of shares. The information in the register regarding shares which are not fully paid up may be inspected by anyone; a copy or extract of this information shall be supplied at a charge of no more than the cost price.	6. The Management Board shall make the register available at the offices of the company for inspection by the holders of registered shares, as well as the usufructuaries and pledgees of shares. The information in the register regarding shares which are not fully paid up may be inspected by anyone; a copy or extract of this information shall be supplied at a charge of no more than the cost price.	
7. Each holder of shares, as well as anyone with a right of usufruct or pledge on registered shares is obliged to notify the company in writing of his	7. Each holder of shares, as well as anyone with a right of usufruct or pledge on registered shares is obliged to notify the company in writing of his	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
place of residence and address. If a shareholder, or a usufructuary, or holder of a right of pledge also disclosed an electronic address to the company for the purpose of entering this electronic address into the register, such disclosure is deemed to entail the consent to receive all notifications and announcements as well as the convocation of shareholders and usufructuaries with the right to attend meetings for a general meeting via electronic means. A message sent via electronic means needs to be legible and reproducible.	place of residence and address. If a shareholder, or a usufructuary, or holder of a right of pledge also disclosed an electronic address to the company for the purpose of entering this electronic address into the register, such disclosure is deemed to entail the consent to receive all notifications and announcements as well as the convocation of shareholders and usufructuaries with the right to attend meetings for a general meeting via electronic means. A message sent via electronic means needs to be legible and reproducible.	
8. If registered shares are part of a community of property, the combined joint owners may only be represented vis-à-vis the company by a person who has been appointed by them jointly in writing.	8. If registered shares are part of a community of property, the combined joint owners may only be represented vis-à-vis the company by a person who has been appointed by them jointly in writing.	
Transfer of shares, usufruct, pledge Article 11.	Transfer of shares, usufruct, pledge Article 11.	
1. A transfer of a share or of an incorporeal right (<i>beperkt recht</i>) thereto requires a deed of transfer and, except in the event the company itself is party to that legal act, acknowledgement in writing by the company of the transfer. The acknowledgement shall be given in the deed, or by a dated statement embodying such acknowledgement on the deed or on a copy or extract thereof duly authenticated by a civil-law notary or by the transferor. Service of the deed of transfer, copy or extract on the company shall be deemed to be equal to	1. A transfer of a share or of an incorporeal right (<i>beperkt recht</i>) thereto requires a deed of transfer and, except in the event the company itself is party to that legal act, acknowledgement in writing by the company of the transfer. The acknowledgement shall be given in the deed, or by a dated statement embodying such acknowledgement on the deed or on a copy or extract thereof duly authenticated by a civil-law notary or by the transferor. Service of the deed of transfer, copy or extract on the company shall be deemed to be equal to	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
acknowledgement.	acknowledgement.	
2. The acknowledgement shall be signed with due observance of the provisions with respect to representation as laid down in article 16.	2. The acknowledgement shall be signed with due observance of the provisions with respect to representation as laid down in article 16.	
3. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the creation or release of a right of usufruct and a right of pledge. A pledge may also be established on a share without acknowledgement by or service on the company. In such cases, article 3:239 Dutch Civil Code shall be equally applicable, whereby the notification by a shareholder as referred to in paragraph 3 of that article, shall be replaced by acknowledgement by or service on the company.	3. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the creation or release of a right of usufruct and a right of pledge. A pledge may also be established on a share without acknowledgement by or service on the company. In such cases, article 3:239 Dutch Civil Code shall be equally applicable, whereby the notification by a shareholder as referred to in paragraph 3 of that article, shall be replaced by acknowledgement by or service on the company.	
4. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the allotment of shares in the event of partition of any community.	4. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the allotment of shares in the event of partition of any community.	
5. If a share is transferred to include it in the collection deposit, the transfer will be accepted by the intermediary concerned. If a share is transferred to include it in the giro deposit, the transfer will be accepted by the central institute. The transfer and acceptance in the collection deposit respectively giro deposit can be effected without the co-operation of the other participants. Upon issue of a new share to the central institute respectively to an intermediary, the transfer in order to include the share in the giro deposit	5. If a share is transferred to include it in the collection deposit, the transfer will be accepted by the intermediary concerned. If a share is transferred to include it in the giro deposit, the transfer will be accepted by the central institute. The transfer and acceptance in the collection deposit respectively giro deposit can be effected without the co-operation of the other participants. Upon issue of a new share to the central institute respectively to an intermediary, the transfer in order to include the share in the giro deposit	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
respectively the collection deposit will be effected without the co-operation of other participants.	respectively the collection deposit will be effected without the co-operation of other participants.	
6. With due observance of the provisions of article 2:88 paragraph 3 Dutch Civil Code, the shareholder shall have the right to vote on shares on which a right of usufruct has been established.	6. With due observance of the provisions of article 2:88 paragraph 3 Dutch Civil Code, the shareholder shall have the right to vote on shares on which a right of usufruct has been established.	
7. A shareholder without the right to vote and a usufructuary with the right to vote shall have the rights conferred by law upon holders of depositary receipts. A usufructuary without the right to vote shall not have the rights referred to in the preceding sentence.	7. A shareholder without the right to vote and a usufructuary with the right to vote shall have the rights conferred by law upon holders of depositary receipts. A usufructuary without the right to vote shall not have the rights referred to in the preceding sentence.	
8. Upon the establishment of a pledge on a share, the right to vote may not be vested in the pledgee. The pledgee shall not have the rights conferred by law upon the holders of depositary receipts.	8. Upon the establishment of a pledge on a share, the right to vote may not be vested in the pledgee. The pledgee shall not have the rights conferred by law upon the holders of depositary receipts.	
Restriction on the transfer of preferred shares Article 12.	Restriction on the transfer of preferred shares Article 12.	
1. Each transfer of preferred shares requires the approval of the Management Board with due observance of article 14 of these articles of association. The transfer must be effected within three months after approval has been granted.	1. Each transfer of preferred shares requires the approval of the Management Board with due observance of article 14 of these articles of association. The transfer must be effected within three months after approval has been granted.	
2. The approval shall be applied for by means of a letter directed to the company, setting out the number of preferred shares for which a decision is sought and the name of the person to whom the applicant wishes to make the transfer.	2. The approval shall be applied for by means of a letter directed to the company, setting out the number of preferred shares for which a decision is sought and the name of the person to whom the applicant wishes to make the transfer.	

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<p>3. Approval shall be deemed to have been granted, if no decision on the application for approval has been made within one month.</p> <p>Approval shall also be deemed to have been granted, if the Management Board fails to inform the applicant of one or more interested parties which are willing and able to purchase all shares to which the application pertains at the same time as denying the requested approval.</p>	<p>3. Approval shall be deemed to have been granted, if no decision on the application for approval has been made within one month.</p> <p>Approval shall also be deemed to have been granted, if the Management Board fails to inform the applicant of one or more interested parties which are willing and able to purchase all shares to which the application pertains at the same time as denying the requested approval.</p>	
<p>4. The price to be paid for the shares with respect to which a request has been made shall be determined by mutual agreement of the applicant and the Management Board.</p> <p>If they fail to reach agreement, the price shall be established by the chartered accountant as referred to in article 19.</p>	<p>4. The price to be paid for the shares with respect to which a request has been made shall be determined by mutual agreement of the applicant and the Management Board.</p> <p>If they fail to reach agreement, the price shall be established by the chartered accountant as referred to in article 19.</p>	
<p>5. The applicant is authorised to withdraw within one month after being definitively informed of the price.</p>	<p>5. The applicant is authorised to withdraw within one month after being definitively informed of the price.</p>	
<p>6. The company may only be designated as an interested party with the applicant's approval.</p>	<p>6. The company may only be designated as an interested party with the applicant's approval.</p>	
<p>7. If, within one month after being informed of the definite price, the applicant has not withdrawn the request to transfer, the preferred shares, to which the application pertained, must be transferred to the interested party (parties) against payment within one month after the aforementioned period elapses.</p> <p>If the seller remains in default as to transferring the preferred shares within this period, the</p>	<p>7. If, within one month after being informed of the definite price, the applicant has not withdrawn the request to transfer, the preferred shares, to which the application pertained, must be transferred to the interested party (parties) against payment within one month after the aforementioned period elapses.</p> <p>If the seller remains in default as to transferring the preferred shares within this period, the</p>	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
company shall be irrevocably authorised to proceed to deliver the preferred shares, subject to the obligation of paying the purchase price to the seller.	company shall be irrevocably authorised to proceed to deliver the preferred shares, subject to the obligation of paying the purchase price to the seller.	
<p>8. If a legal person, which holds preferred shares, is dissolved, if a holder of preferred shares is declared bankrupt or has been granted suspension of payments and in the event of a transfer of preferred shares under universal title, the holder of preferred shares, or its successors in title is/are obliged to transfer the preferred shares to one or more persons designated by the Management Board in accordance with the provisions of this article.</p> <p>If the Management Board remains in default as to designating one or more persons, who are willing and able to purchase all preferred shares the holder, respectively, his successor(s) in title is/are allowed to keep these shares.</p> <p>In the event of non-compliance with this obligation within three months after the obligation has arisen, the company shall be irrevocably authorised to effect the transfer, provided that it involves all shares, on behalf of the holder of the preferred shares in default, or its successor(s) in title, in accordance with the provisions of this article.</p>	<p>8. If a legal person, which holds preferred shares, is dissolved, if a holder of preferred shares is declared bankrupt or has been granted suspension of payments and in the event of a transfer of preferred shares under universal title, the holder of preferred shares, or its successors in title is/are obliged to transfer the preferred shares to one or more persons designated by the Management Board in accordance with the provisions of this article.</p> <p>If the Management Board remains in default as to designating one or more persons, who are willing and able to purchase all preferred shares the holder, respectively, his successor(s) in title is/are allowed to keep these shares.</p> <p>In the event of non-compliance with this obligation within three months after the obligation has arisen, the company shall be irrevocably authorised to effect the transfer, provided that it involves all shares, on behalf of the holder of the preferred shares in default, or its successor(s) in title, in accordance with the provisions of this article.</p>	
Management Board Article 13.	Management Board Article 13.	
1. The company shall have a Management Board	1. The company shall have a Management Board	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
consisting of two or more members of the Management Board.	consisting of two or more members of the Management Board.	
<p>2. Members of the Management Board shall be appointed by the general meeting from a binding nomination to be drawn up by the Supervisory Board in accordance with article 2:133 Dutch Civil Code.</p> <p>With due observance of the provisions in paragraph 1, the number of members of the Management Board shall be determined by the Supervisory Board.</p>	<p>2. Members of the Management Board shall be appointed by the general meeting from a binding nomination to be drawn up by the Supervisory Board in accordance with article 2:133 Dutch Civil Code.</p> <p>With due observance of the provisions in paragraph 1, the number of members of the Management Board shall be determined by the Supervisory Board.</p>	
<p>3. The Management Board shall notify the Supervisory Board for forthwith of any vacancy that will or may occur on the Management Board. The Supervisory Board shall have the opportunity to make a binding nomination for the appointment of a member of the Management Board up to forty-five (45) days prior to the general meeting convened for such appointment.</p> <p>If the Supervisory Board fails to make use of its right to submit a binding nomination or should fail to do so, the general meeting shall be free in its choice.</p> <p>In such case, the resolution for the appointment of a member of the Management Board by the general meeting shall require a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the company's issued capital.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the foregoing, the general meeting may at all times, by a resolution passed</p>	<p>3. The Management Board shall notify the Supervisory Board for forthwith of any vacancy that will or may occur on the Management Board. The Supervisory Board shall have the opportunity to make a binding nomination for the appointment of a member of the Management Board up to forty-five (45) days prior to the general meeting convened for such appointment.</p> <p>If the Supervisory Board fails to make use of its right to submit a binding nomination or should fail to do so, the general meeting shall be free in its choice.</p> <p>In such case, the resolution for the appointment of a member of the Management Board by the general meeting shall require a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the company's issued capital.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the foregoing, the general meeting may at all times, by a resolution passed</p>	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
<p>with a two-third majority of the votes cast representing more than one-half of the issued capital, resolve that such a nomination shall not be binding.</p> <p>In such case, the appointment of a member of the Management Board in contravention of the nomination shall require a resolution of the general meeting adopted with a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the company's issued capital.</p>	<p>with a two-third majority of the votes cast representing more than one-half of the issued capital, resolve that such a nomination shall not be binding.</p> <p>In such case, the appointment of a member of the Management Board in contravention of the nomination shall require a resolution of the general meeting adopted with a majority of at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the company's issued capital.</p>	
<p>4. Each member of the Management Board shall be appointed for a maximum period of four years, provided however that unless such member of the Management Board has resigned at an earlier date, his term of office shall lapse on the day of the general meeting, to be held when four years after his last appointment have lapsed. A member of the Management Board may be re-appointed with due observance of the preceding sentence.</p>	<p>4. Each member of the Management Board shall be appointed for a maximum period of four years, provided however that unless such member of the Management Board has resigned at an earlier date, his term of office shall lapse on the day of the general meeting, to be held when four years after his last appointment have lapsed. A member of the Management Board may be re-appointed with due observance of the preceding sentence.</p>	
<p>5. Members of the Management Board may be suspended or dismissed by the general meeting at any time.</p> <p>The general meeting may suspend or dismiss a member of the Management Board by a resolution passed with at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the issued capital.</p>	<p>5. Members of the Management Board may be suspended or dismissed by the general meeting at any time.</p> <p>The general meeting may suspend or dismiss a member of the Management Board by a resolution passed with at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the issued capital.</p>	
<p>6. Members of the Management Board may be suspended by the Supervisory Board at any time.</p>	<p>6. Members of the Management Board may be suspended by the Supervisory Board at any time.</p>	
<p>7. A suspension may last no longer than three months in total, even after having been extended</p>	<p>7. A suspension may last no longer than three months in total, even after having been extended</p>	<p>It is proposed to clarify that the term can extend up to the effective date of dismissal, since the legal</p>

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
one or more times, unless a resolution for dismissal is adopted, in which case the suspension runs until the end of the employment contract.	one or more times, unless a resolution for dismissal is adopted, in which case the suspension runs until the end <u>effective date</u> of the employment contract <u>dismissal</u> .	relationship between a (new) Management Board member and a listed public limited liability company is no longer regarded as an employment relationship.
<p>8. The company has a policy governing the remuneration of the Management Board. The policy will be adopted by the general meeting. In this policy the items listed in article 2:383c through e Dutch Civil Code will be included to the extent applicable to the Management Board. The remuneration of each member of the Management Board will be determined by the Supervisory Board with due observance of the policy defined in the previous paragraphs. With respect to arrangements with members of the Management Board in the form of shares or options the Supervisory Board submits a proposal to the general meeting for approval. The proposal must include the number of shares and/or options that may be granted to the Management Board and which criteria apply to a grant or modification.</p>	<p>8. The company has a policy governing the remuneration of the Management Board. The policy will be adopted by the general meeting- <u>at the proposal of the Supervisory Board, and will be resubmitted to the general meeting for adoption within the statutory period. A resolution to adopt this policy will be adopted with the majority of votes prescribed by law.</u> In this<u>the remuneration</u> policy <u>of the Management Board</u> the items listed in article 2:383c through e Dutch Civil Code <u>prescribed by law</u> will be included to the extent applicable to the Management Board.</p> <p>The remuneration of each member of the Management Board will be determined by the Supervisory Board with due observance of the policy defined in the previous paragraphs. With respect to arrangements with members of the Management Board in the form of shares or options the Supervisory Board submits a proposal to the general meeting for approval. The proposal must include the number of shares and/or options that may be granted to the Management Board and which criteria apply to a grant or modification.</p>	<p>This amendment is proposed in connection with the introduction of the new article 2:135a of the Dutch Civil Code as part of the implementation of the revised Shareholders' Directive (EU 2017/828).</p>
Operation of Management Board	Operation of Management Board	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
Article 14.	Article 14.	
1. With due observance of the limitations set out by these articles of association, the Management Board is charged with the management of the company.	1. With due observance of the limitations set out by these articles of association, the Management Board is charged with the management of the company.	
2. The Management Board shall adopt resolutions by an absolute majority of the total number of votes cast. Blank votes shall be considered null and void.	2. The Management Board shall adopt resolutions by an absolute majority of the total number of votes cast. Blank votes shall be considered null and void.	
3. At meetings of the Management Board, each member of the Management Board shall be entitled to cast one vote.	3. At meetings of the Management Board, each member of the Management Board shall be entitled to cast one vote. <u>A member of the Management Board shall not participate in the deliberations and decision-making process if he or she has a direct or indirect personal conflict of interest with the company and its associated business enterprise. If the Management Board is unable to adopt a resolution as a result of this, the resolution may be adopted by the Supervisory Board.</u>	It is proposed to include the statutory conflict-of-interest rules in the articles of association.
4. The Management Board may also adopt resolutions without convening a meeting, provided that all of the members of the Management Board have been consulted and that none has objected to adopting resolutions in this manner.	4. The Management Board may also adopt resolutions without convening a meeting, provided that <u>such resolutions are adopted in writing or by reproducible electronic communication, and that</u> all of the members of the Management Board <u>entitled to vote</u> have been consulted and that none has objected to adopting resolutions in this manner <u>consented to adopting the resolutions without holding a meeting.</u>	This adjustment is proposed in order to clarify that the Management Board can also adopt a resolution by electronic means outside of a meeting.
5. The Management Board shall adopt internal rules	5. The Management Board shall adopt internal rules	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
regulating its decision-making process. Such rules require the approval of the Supervisory Board.	regulating its decision-making process. Such rules require the approval of the Supervisory Board.	
6. The Management Board may adopt an internal allocation of duties for each member of the Management Board individually. Such allocation of duties requires the approval of the Supervisory Board.	6. The Management Board may adopt an internal allocation of duties for each member of the Management Board individually. Such allocation of duties requires the approval of the Supervisory Board.	
7. Without prejudice to its own responsibility, the Management Board is authorised to appoint persons with such authority to represent the company and, by granting of a power of attorney, conferring such titles and powers as shall be determined by the Management Board.	7. Without prejudice to its own responsibility, the Management Board is authorised to appoint persons with such authority to represent the company and, by granting of a power of attorney, conferring such titles and powers as shall be determined by the Management Board.	
8. With due observance of the provisions of these articles of association, the Management Board resolutions relating to any of the following matters shall be subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board: a. the approval regarding the blocking clause of the preferred shares as referred to in article 12 of these articles of association; b. issue and acquisition of shares of the company and debt instruments issued by the company or of debt instruments issued by a limited partnership or general partnership of which the company is a fully liable partner; c. application or the withdrawal for quotation of the securities referred to under b. in the	8. With due observance of the provisions of these articles of association, the Management Board resolutions relating to any of the following matters shall be subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board: a. the approval regarding the blocking clause of the preferred shares as referred to in article 12 of these articles of association; b. issue and acquisition of shares of the company and debt instruments issued by the company or of debt instruments issued by a limited partnership or general partnership of which the company is a fully liable partner; c. application or the withdrawal for quotation of the securities referred to under b. in the	

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<p>listing of any stock exchange;</p> <p>d. entering into or terminating a permanent cooperation of the company or a dependent company with another legal entity or company or as fully liable partner in a limited partnership or general partnership, if such cooperation or termination is of major significance to the company;</p> <p>e. participation for a value of at least one-fourth of the amount of the issued capital with the reserves according to the most recently adopted balance sheet with explanatory notes of the company by the company or by a dependent company in the capital of another company, as well as to a significant increase or reduction of such a participation;</p> <p>f. investments involving an amount equal to at least the sum of one-quarter of the company's issued capital plus the reserves of the company as shown in its balance sheet and explanatory notes;</p> <p>g. a proposal to amend the articles of association;</p> <p>h. a proposal to dissolve (<i>ontbinden</i>) the company;</p> <p>i. a proposal to conclude a legal merger (<i>juridische fusie</i>) or a legal demerger (<i>juridische splitsing</i>);</p> <p>j. application for bankruptcy and for</p>	<p>listing of any stock exchange;</p> <p>d. entering into or terminating a permanent cooperation of the company or a dependent company with another legal entity or company or as fully liable partner in a limited partnership or general partnership, if such cooperation or termination is of major significance to the company;</p> <p>e. participation for a value of at least one-fourth of the amount of the issued capital with the reserves according to the most recently adopted balance sheet with explanatory notes of the company by the company or by a dependent company in the capital of another company, as well as to a significant increase or reduction of such a participation;</p> <p>f. investments involving an amount equal to at least the sum of one-quarter of the company's issued capital plus the reserves of the company as shown in its balance sheet and explanatory notes;</p> <p>g. a proposal to amend the articles of association;</p> <p>h. a proposal to dissolve (<i>ontbinden</i>) the company;</p> <p>i. a proposal to conclude a legal merger (<i>juridische fusie</i>) or a legal demerger (<i>juridische splitsing</i>);</p> <p>j. application for bankruptcy and for</p>	

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<p>suspension of payments (<i>surseance van betaling</i>);</p> <p>k. termination of the employment of a considerable number of employees of the company or of a dependent company at the same time or within a short period of time;</p> <p>l. far-reaching changes in the employment conditions of a significant number of employees of the company or of a dependent company;</p> <p>m. a proposal to reduce the issued share capital;</p> <p>n. all matters in which the company has a conflict of interest with a member of the Management Board in his private capacity.</p>	<p>suspension of payments (<i>surseance van betaling</i>);</p> <p>k. termination of the employment of a considerable number of employees of the company or of a dependent company at the same time or within a short period of time;</p> <p>l. far-reaching changes in the employment conditions of a significant number of employees of the company or of a dependent company;</p> <p>m. a proposal to reduce the issued share capital;</p> <p>n. all matters in which the company has a conflict of interest with a member of the Management Board in his private capacity.</p>	
<p>9. Without prejudice to the provisions above, decisions of the Management Board involving a major change in the company's identity or character are subject to the approval of the general meeting, including:</p> <p>a. the transfer of the enterprise or practically the whole enterprise to third parties;</p> <p>b. to enter or to terminate longstanding joint ventures of the company or a subsidiary with another legal entity or company or as fully liable partner in a limited partnership or a general partnership if this joint venture or termination of such a joint venture is of a major significance to the company;</p> <p>c. to acquire or dispose of a participation in</p>	<p>9. Without prejudice to the provisions above, decisions of the Management Board involving a major change in the company's identity or character are subject to the approval of the general meeting, including:</p> <p>a. the transfer of the enterprise or practically the whole enterprise to third parties;</p> <p>b. to enter or to terminate longstanding joint ventures of the company or a subsidiary with another legal entity or company or as fully liable partner in a limited partnership or a general partnership if this joint venture or termination of such a joint venture is of a major significance to the company;</p> <p>c. to acquire or dispose of a participation in</p>	

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the capital of a company worth at least one third of the amount of the assets according to the balance sheet with explanatory notes thereto, or if the company prepares a consolidated balance sheet according to such consolidated balance sheet with explanatory notes according to the last adopted annual account of the company, by the company or a subsidiary.	the capital of a company worth at least one third of the amount of the assets according to the balance sheet with explanatory notes thereto, or if the company prepares a consolidated balance sheet according to such consolidated balance sheet with explanatory notes according to the last adopted annual account of the company, by the company or a subsidiary.	
10. Failure to obtain the approval defined in paragraphs 8 and 9 of this article shall not affect the authority of the Management Board or the members of the Management Board to represent the company.	10. Failure to obtain the approval defined in paragraphs 8 and 9 of this article shall not affect the authority of the Management Board or the members of the Management Board to represent the company.	
Absence or prevention from acting Article 15.	Absence or prevention from acting <u>of members of the Management Board</u> Article 15.	
In the event that one or more members of the Management Board are absent or prevented from acting, the remaining members of the Management Board or the sole remaining member of the Management Board shall be entrusted with the management of the company. In the event that all the members of the Management Board or the sole member of the Management Board is absent or prevented from acting, a person to be appointed for that purpose by the Supervisory Board, whether or not from among its members, shall be temporarily entrusted with the management of the company.	In the event that one or more members of the Management Board are absent or prevented from acting, the remaining members of the Management Board or the sole remaining member of the Management Board shall be entrusted with the management of the company. <u>without prejudice to the right of the Supervisory Board to appoint a temporary member of the Management Board to replace the member of the Management Board concerned.</u> In the event that all the members of the Management Board or the sole member of the Management Board is absent or prevented from acting, a one or more <u>persons</u> to be appointed for that purpose by the Supervisory	It is proposed to provide the Supervisory Board with the possibility to temporarily appoint a member of the Management Board if a member of the Management Board is no longer able to perform his duties or is no longer available. In that case, the Supervisory Board may temporarily appoint someone to fill the vacancy in the Management Board. This replacement explicitly is of a temporary nature and does not exceed a term of six months. During the period for which a replacement has been appointed, one or more suitable candidates may be searched for the vacancy, so that the Supervisory Board can make a nomination for appointment to the general meeting.

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	Board, whether or not from among its members, shall be temporarily entrusted with the management of the company.	
Representation Article 16.	Representation Article 16.	
The company shall be represented by the Management Board. In addition, the authority to represent the company is vested in two members of the Management Board acting jointly.	The company shall be represented by the Management Board. In addition, the authority to represent the company is vested in two members of the Management Board acting jointly.	
Supervisory Board Article 17.	Supervisory Board Article 17.	
1. The company shall have a Supervisory Board consisting of three or more natural persons. If there are less than three Supervisory Board members, the board shall proceed without delay to supplement the number of its members.	1. The company shall have a Supervisory Board consisting of three or more natural persons. If there are less than three Supervisory Board members, the board shall proceed without delay to supplement the number of its members.	
2. With due observance of the provisions in paragraph 1, the number of members of the Supervisory Board shall be determined by the Supervisory Board.	2. With due observance of the provisions in paragraph 1, the number of members of the Supervisory Board shall be determined by the Supervisory Board.	
3. Members of the Supervisory Board will be appointed by the general meeting, for a maximum of three four-year terms, provided however that unless such member of the Supervisory Board has resigned at an earlier date, his term of office shall lapse on the day of the general meeting, to be held when four years after his last appointment have lapsed. A member of the Supervisory Board	3. Members of the Supervisory Board will be appointed by the general meeting, <u>per term</u> for a maximum of three four-year terms <u>four years</u> , provided however that unless such member of the Supervisory Board has resigned at an earlier date, his term of office shall lapse on the day of the general meeting, to be held when four years after his last appointment have lapsed. A member of	It is proposed that the reference to a maximum of three terms for the appointment of a supervisory board member is deleted in order to allow for the possibility of properly applying best practice provision 2.2.2. of the Dutch Corporate Governance Code.

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may be re-appointed with due observance of the preceding sentence.	the Supervisory Board may be re-appointed with due observance of the preceding sentence.	
4. The Supervisory Board members shall retire periodically in accordance with a rotation plan to be drawn up by the Supervisory Board. An amendment to that rotation plan may not result in a member of the Supervisory Board in office resigning against his will before the period for which he has been appointed has expired.	4. The Supervisory Board members shall retire periodically in accordance with a rotation plan to be drawn up by the Supervisory Board. An amendment to that rotation plan may not result in a member of the Supervisory Board in office resigning against his will before the period for which he has been appointed has expired.	
5. The provisions of paragraphs 2, 3 and 5 of article 13 will apply similarly to the appointment, suspension and dismissal of members of the Supervisory Board.	5. The provisions of paragraphs 2, 3 and 5 of article 13 will apply similarly to the appointment, suspension and dismissal of members of the Supervisory Board.	
6. A suspension of members of the Supervisory Board may last no longer than three months in total, even after having been extended one or more times.	6. A suspension of members of the Supervisory Board may last no longer than three months in total, even after having been extended one or more times.	
7. The duties of the Supervisory Board shall be the supervision of the conduct of management by the company's Management Board and of the general course of affairs of the company and of any affiliated enterprise. The Supervisory Board shall assist the Management Board by rendering advice. In performing their duties, the members of the Supervisory Board shall be guided by the interests of the company and of any enterprise affiliated therewith.	7. The duties of the Supervisory Board shall be the supervision of the conduct of management by the company's Management Board and of the general course of affairs of the company and of any affiliated enterprise. The Supervisory Board shall assist the Management Board by rendering advice. In performing their duties, the members of the Supervisory Board shall be guided by the interests of the company and of any enterprise affiliated therewith.	
8. Each financial year the Supervisory Board shall make a report, which report shall be included in	8. Each financial year the Supervisory Board shall make a report, which report shall be included in	It is proposed to delete the last sentence now that the Dutch Corporate Governance Code 2016 states that the

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the annual report of the company.	the annual report of the company.	report of the Supervisory Board is part of the annual documentation provided and is not incorporated as such in another report.
9. The Supervisory Board shall at any time have access to all buildings and premises in use by the company, and shall be entitled to inspect all of the company's books and records and to examine all of the company's assets. The Supervisory Board may delegate this authority to one or more of its members, or to an expert.	9. The Supervisory Board shall at any time have access to all buildings and premises in use by the company, and shall be entitled to inspect all of the company's books and records and to examine all of the company's assets. The Supervisory Board may delegate this authority to one or more of its members, or to an expert.	
10. The Management Board shall provide the Supervisory Board with the information necessary for the performance of its duties, in a timely manner.	10. The Management Board shall provide the Supervisory Board with the information necessary for the performance of its duties, in a timely manner.	
11. The Management Board shall inform the Supervisory Board at least once each year in writing of the general lines of the strategy, the general and financial risks and the management and control system of the company.	11. The Management Board shall inform the Supervisory Board at least once each year in writing of the general lines of the strategy, the general and financial risks and the management and control system of the company.	
	<u>12. The company has a policy governing the remuneration of the Supervisory Board. This policy will be adopted by the general meeting at the proposal of the Supervisory Board and will be resubmitted to the general meeting for adoption within the statutory period. A resolution to adopt this remuneration policy will be adopted with the majority of votes prescribed by law.</u>	This amendment is proposed in connection with the introduction of article 2:145(2) (new) of the Dutch Civil Code as part of the implementation of the revised Shareholders' Directive (EU 2017/828).
12. The general meeting shall determine the remuneration of each member of the Supervisory	12. <u>13.</u> The general meeting shall determine the remuneration of each <u>the</u> members of the	This amendment is proposed in connection with the introduction of article 2:145(2) (new) of the Dutch Civil

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Board.	Supervisory Board in accordance with the policy described in paragraph 12.	Code as part of the implementation of the revised Shareholders' Directive (EU 2017/828).
Operation of Supervisory Board Article 18.	Operation of Supervisory Board Article 18.	
1. The Supervisory Board shall appoint a chairman from among its members and a deputy chairman. The Supervisory Board shall be assisted by the company secretary. The company secretary shall, either on the recommendation of the Supervisory Board or otherwise, be appointed and dismissed by the Management Board, after the approval of the Supervisory Board has been obtained.	1. The Supervisory Board shall appoint a chairman from among its members and a deputy chairman. The Supervisory Board shall be assisted by the company secretary. The company secretary shall, either on the recommendation of the Supervisory Board or otherwise, be appointed and dismissed by the Management Board, after the approval of the Supervisory Board has been obtained.	
2. In the absence of the chairman and the deputy-chairman in a meeting, the meeting shall appoint a chairman from among those present.	2. In the absence of the chairman and the deputy-chairman in a meeting, the meeting shall appoint a chairman from among those present.	
3. The Supervisory Board may also designate a member of the Supervisory Board as delegated member who shall be particularly responsible for maintaining regular contact with the Management Board on the state of affairs in the company.	3. The Supervisory Board may also designate a member of the Supervisory Board as delegated member who shall be particularly responsible for maintaining regular contact with the Management Board on the state of affairs in the company.	
4. The Supervisory Board may adopt an internal allocation of duties. Furthermore, the Supervisory Board may appoint committees from among its members.	4. The Supervisory Board may adopt an internal allocation of duties. Furthermore, the Supervisory Board may appoint committees from among its members.	
5. The Supervisory Board shall hold meetings as often as one or more of its members shall desire, as often as the Management Board shall request, or as often as necessary in pursuance of the provisions of these articles of association.	5. The Supervisory Board shall hold meetings as often as one or more of its members shall desire, as often as the Management Board shall request, or as often as necessary in pursuance of the provisions of these articles of association.	

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6. The Supervisory Board shall adopt resolutions by an absolute majority of the total number of votes to be cast. Blank votes shall be considered null and void.	6. The Supervisory Board shall adopt resolutions by an absolute majority of the total number of votes to be cast. Blank votes shall be considered null and void.	
7. Each member of the Supervisory Board shall be entitled to cast one vote.	7. Each member of the Supervisory Board shall be entitled to cast one vote.	
8. A member of the Supervisory Board may participate in any meeting of the Supervisory Board by telephone. Such member of the Supervisory Board shall be considered to attend such meeting in person. The Supervisory Board may hold a meeting by telephone, provided that all members of the Supervisory Board participating in such meeting can hear each other at all times.	8. A member of the Supervisory Board may participate in any meeting of the Supervisory Board by telephone <u>or through electronic communication</u> . Such member of the Supervisory Board shall be considered to attend such meeting in person. The Supervisory Board may hold a meeting by telephone <u>or through electronic communication</u> , provided that all members of the Supervisory Board participating in such meeting can hear each other at all times.	It is proposed, through these additions, to also allow the Supervisory Board to hold or participate in a meeting via electronic means of communication.
9. A member of the Supervisory Board may have himself represented by a co-member holding a written proxy. The expression 'written proxy' shall include a proxy transmitted by any available means of communication and received in writing. A member of the Supervisory Board may not act as proxy on behalf of more than one co-member of the Supervisory Board.	9. A member of the Supervisory Board may have himself represented by a co-member holding a written proxy. The expression 'written proxy' shall include a proxy transmitted by any available means of communication and received in writing. A member of the Supervisory Board may not act as proxy on behalf of more than one co-member of the Supervisory Board.	
10. The Supervisory Board may also adopt resolutions without holding a meeting, provided the motion in question has been submitted to all members of the Supervisory Board and none has	10. The Supervisory Board may also adopt resolutions without holding a meeting, provided <u>that such resolutions are adopted in writing or by reproducible electronic communication, and the</u>	These changes are proposed in order to clarify that the Supervisory Board can also adopt a resolution outside of a meeting via electronic means of communication, for example by email.

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<p>objected to this form of decision-making. A report shall be drawn up by the company secretary of a resolution in this way, enclosing the replies received, and shall be signed by the chairman and the company secretary.</p>	<p>motion in question has been submitted to all members of the Supervisory Board entitled to vote have consented to adopting the resolutions without holding a meeting and none has objected to this form of decision-making. A report shall be drawn up by the company secretary of a resolution in this way, enclosing the replies received, and shall be signed by the chairman and the company secretary.</p>	
	<p><u>11. A member of the Supervisory Board shall not participate in the deliberations and decision-making process if he or she has a direct or indirect personal conflict of interest with the company and its associated business enterprise. If no resolution of the Supervisory Board can be adopted as a result, the resolution is adopted by the general meeting.</u></p>	<p>It is proposed to include the statutory conflict-of-interest rules in the articles of association.</p>
<p>11. If it is necessary to provide the shareholders or the Management Board with evidence of a resolution adopted by the Supervisory Board, the signature of either the chairman of that Board or of the delegated member of the Supervisory Board shall suffice.</p>	<p>14<u>2</u>. If it is necessary to provide the shareholders or the Management Board with evidence of a resolution adopted by the Supervisory Board, the signature of either the chairman of that Board or of the delegated member of the Supervisory Board shall suffice.</p>	<p>Re-numbering of this paragraph because of the new proposed paragraph 11.</p>
<p>12. The Supervisory Board shall adopt internal rules regulating its decision-making process.</p>	<p>12<u>3</u>. The Supervisory Board shall adopt internal rules regulating its decision-making process.</p>	<p>Re-numbering of this paragraph because of the new proposed paragraph 11.</p>
	<p><u>14. If one or more members of the Supervisory Board are unable to act, or in the case of a vacancy or vacancies for one or more members of the Supervisory Board, the only remaining member of the Supervisory Board or the remaining members</u></p>	<p>It is proposed to include a provision in the event of a Supervisory Board member being unable to act or in case of a vacancy of one or more Supervisory Board members.</p>

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	<u>of the Supervisory Board shall temporarily be in charge of the supervision, without prejudice to the right of the Supervisory Board to appoint a temporary member of the Supervisory Board to replace the member(s) of the Supervisory Board concerned.</u>	
	<u>15. If all the members of the Supervisory Board are unable to act, or in the case of vacancies for all members of the Supervisory Board, the Management Board shall as soon as possible take the necessary measures to make arrangements, without prejudice to the right of the general meeting to appoint one or more temporary members of the Supervisory Board to replace the member(s) of the Supervisory Board concerned. The person(s) designated for this purpose shall take the necessary measures to make a definitive arrangement.</u>	It is proposed to include a provision for the event that all Supervisory Board members are unable to act or in case of vacancies for all Supervisory Board members.
Financial year, annual accounts, annual report Article 19.	Financial year, annual accounts, annual <u>management</u> report Article 19.	
1. The company's financial year shall be concurrent with the calendar year.	1. The company's financial year shall be concurrent with the calendar year.	
2. The Management Board shall prepare the annual accounts within the period set under or pursuant to the law. The annual accounts shall be signed by all members of the Management Board and all members of the Supervisory Board. If the signature of one or more of them is lacking,	2. The Management Board shall prepare the annual accounts within the period set under or pursuant to the law. The annual accounts shall be signed by all members of the Management Board and all members of the Supervisory Board. If the signature of one or more of them is lacking,	

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<p>this fact and the reason therefore shall be indicated.</p> <p>The Management Board shall also, within the period mentioned above, prepare an annual report.</p>	<p>this fact and the reason therefore shall be indicated.</p> <p>The Management Board shall also, within the period mentioned above, prepare an annual <u>management</u> report.</p>	<p>The proposed amendment concerns an update of terminology. The law refers to the term management report and no longer to the term annual report.</p>
<p>3. The general meeting shall instruct a registered accountant or a firm of registered accountants, as defined in article 2:393 paragraph 1 Dutch Civil Code, to audit the annual accounts and the annual report by the Management Board, to report thereon, and to issue an auditor's certificate with respect thereto.</p> <p>If the general meeting fails to issue such instructions, the Supervisory Board shall be authorised to do so, and if the latter fails to do so, the Management Board.</p>	<p>3. The general meeting shall instruct a registered accountant or a firm of registered accountants, as defined in article 2:393 paragraph 1 Dutch Civil Code, to audit the annual accounts and the annual <u>management</u> report by the Management Board, to report thereon, and to issue an auditor's certificate with respect thereto.</p> <p><u>The Supervisory Board will nominate a registered accountant or a firm of registered accountants, as defined in article 2:393 paragraph 1 Dutch Civil Code, for instruction.</u></p> <p>If the general meeting fails to issue such instructions, the Supervisory Board shall be authorised to do so, and if the latter fails to do so, the Management Board.</p>	<p>The first proposed amendment concerns an update of terminology. The law refers to the term management report and no longer to the term annual report.</p> <p>The second proposed amendment is to clarify that the Supervisory Board shall make a nomination for the appointment of the expert to be appointed by the general meeting following the EU audit regulation (OJEU 2014, L158/77).</p> <p>The third proposed amendment is to align this provision with the current text of article 2:393(2) of the Dutch Civil Code.</p>
<p>4. The company shall ensure that, as of the day on which a general meeting at which they are to be considered, is called, the annual accounts, the annual report and the additional information to be provided pursuant to article 2:392 paragraph 1 Dutch Civil Code are available for examination by those entitled to attend meetings.</p> <p>The company shall make copies of the documents</p>	<p>4. The company shall ensure that, as of the day on which a general meeting at which they are to be considered, is called, the annual accounts, the annual <u>management</u> report and the additional information to be provided pursuant to article 2:392 paragraph 1 Dutch Civil Code are available for examination by those entitled to attend meetings.</p>	<p>The proposed amendment concerns an update of terminology. The law refers to the term management report and no longer to the term annual report.</p>

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referred to in the previous sentence available free of charge to those entitled to attend meetings. If these documents are amended, this obligation shall also extend to the amended documents.	The company shall make copies of the documents referred to in the previous sentence available free of charge to those entitled to attend meetings. If these documents are amended, this obligation shall also extend to the amended documents.	
5. The annual accounts shall be adopted by the general meeting.	5. The annual accounts shall be adopted by the general meeting.	
6. The annual accounts shall not be adopted if the general meeting is unable to take cognizance of the certificate as referred to in paragraph 3 of this article, unless, together with the remaining information as referred to in article 2:392 Dutch Civil Code, a legitimate ground is given why the certificate is lacking. After the proposal to adopt the annual accounts has been dealt with, the proposal will be made to the general meeting to discharge the members of the Management Board in respect of their conduct of management and the members of the Supervisory Board for their supervision thereon during the relevant financial year insofar this appears from the annual accounts.	6. The annual accounts shall not be adopted if the general meeting is unable to take cognizance of the certificate <u>of the accountant</u> as referred to in paragraph 3 of this article, unless, together with the remaining information as referred to in article 2:392 Dutch Civil Code, a legitimate ground is given why the certificate is lacking. After the proposal to adopt the annual accounts has been dealt with, the proposal will be made to the general meeting to discharge the members of the Management Board in respect of their conduct of management and the members of the Supervisory Board for their supervision thereon during the relevant financial year insofar this appears from the annual accounts.	This amendment is proposed in line with the terminology used in paragraph 3 of this article.
Allocations of profit Article 20.	Allocations of profit Article 20.	
1. The company may make distributions to the shareholders and other persons entitled to the distributable profits only to the extent that the company's shareholders' equity exceeds the sum of the paid-in capital and the reserves which it is required by law to maintain.	1. The company may make distributions to the shareholders and other persons entitled to the distributable profits only to the extent that the company's shareholders' equity exceeds the sum of the paid-in capital and the reserves which it is required by law to maintain.	

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2. Distribution of profit shall be effected after the adoption of the annual accounts which show that this is permitted.	2. Distribution of profit shall be effected after the adoption of the annual accounts which show that this is permitted.	
3. The Management Board shall determine which part of the profit shall be reserved.	3. The Management Board shall determine which part of the profit shall be reserved.	
<p>4. To the charge of the profit, as this appears from the adopted profits and loss account, to the extent not reserved in accordance with paragraph 3 of this article:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> first of all, on the preferred shares a dividend will be distributed to the amount of a percentage on the amount paid on those shares, which equals twelve months 'EURIBOR', as published by De Nederlandsche Bank N.V. - calculated according to the number of days the rate applied - during the financial year to which the distribution relates, increased by a premium to be determined by the Management Board with the approval of the Supervisory Board in line with market conditions per the date of the first issue of the preferred shares between hundred fifty (150) basis points and five hundred (500) basis points. <p>If and to the extent that the profit is not sufficient to fully make a distribution meant afore in this paragraph, the deficit shall be paid from the reserves.</p> <p>In case of cancellation with repayment of</p>	<p>4. To the charge of the profit, as this appears from the adopted profits and loss account, to the extent not reserved in accordance with paragraph 3 of this article:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> first of all, on the preferred shares a dividend will be distributed to the amount of a percentage on the amount paid on those shares, which equals twelve months 'EURIBOR', as published by De Nederlandsche Bank N.V. <u>the administrator of 'EURIBOR', the European Money Markets Institute (EMMI) located in Belgium or its legal successor(s), or in absence of 'EURIBOR' as benchmark, another benchmark that is officially determined, appointed or recommended as replacement of 'EURIBOR' by (i) the European Central Bank, or another supervising authority, or in absence of this (ii) EMMI, aforementioned,</u> - calculated according to the number of days the rate applied - during the financial year to which the distribution relates, increased by a premium to be determined by the Management Board with the approval of the Supervisory Board in line with market 	<p>The amendment is proposed because De Nederlandse Bank no longer officially publishes the 12-month EURIBOR. This now lies with the European Money Market Institute (EMMI).</p> <p>In addition, it is proposed to include in the articles of association the benchmark which can be applied in the event that EURIBOR is no longer available as a benchmark.</p>

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<p>preferred shares, on the day of repayment a distribution shall be made on the cancelled preference shares, which distribution shall be calculated to the extent possible in accordance with the provision referred to above and with regard to the current financial year to be calculated time wise over the period from the first day of the current financial year, or if the preferred shares have been issued after such day, as from the day of issue, until the day of repayment without prejudice to the provisions of article 2:105 paragraph 4 Dutch Civil Code.</p> <p>In the event that in an financial year the profit or the distributable reserves (as the case may be) are not sufficient to make the distributions meant above in this article, the provisions above shall apply over the following financial years until the deficit has been cleared;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> secondly, the part of the profit remaining after application of the first bullet shall be at the disposal of the general meeting. 	<p>conditions per the date of the first issue of the preferred shares between hundred fifty (150) basis points and five hundred (500) basis points.</p> <p>If and to the extent that the profit is not sufficient to fully make a distribution meant afore in this paragraph, the deficit shall be paid from the reserves.</p> <p>In case of cancellation with repayment of preferred shares, on the day of repayment a distribution shall be made on the cancelled preference shares, which distribution shall be calculated to the extent possible in accordance with the provision referred to above and with regard to the current financial year to be calculated time wise over the period from the first day of the current financial year, or if the preferred shares have been issued after such day, as from the day of issue, until the day of repayment without prejudice to the provisions of article 2:105 paragraph 4 Dutch Civil Code.</p> <p>In the event that in an financial year the profit or the distributable reserves (as the case may be) are not sufficient to make the distributions meant above in this article, the provisions above shall apply over the following financial years until the deficit has been cleared;</p>	

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> secondly, the part of the profit remaining after application of the first bullet shall be at the disposal of the general meeting. 	
<p>5. The Management Board may make interim distributions only to the extent that the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 above are satisfied as apparent from an (interim) financial statement drawn up in accordance with the law.</p>	<p>5. The Management Board may make interim <u>dividend</u> distributions <u>or an interim distribution out of the reserves</u>, only to the extent that the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 above are satisfied as apparent from an (interim) financial statement drawn up in accordance with the law.</p>	<p>It is proposed to add that the Management Board may decide to make an interim distribution from the reserves.</p>
<p>6. The Management Board may decide that a distribution on shares is not made entirely or partly in cash, but rather in shares in the company. The resolution to that effect is subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board.</p>	<p>6. The Management Board may decide that a distribution on shares <u>as described in paragraph 4 and paragraph 5</u>, is not made entirely or partly in cash, but rather in shares in the company. The resolution to that effect is subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board.</p>	<p>It is proposed to clarify that for both the annual profit distribution and any interim distributions, the Management Board may decide that all or part of a distribution will be made in shares rather than in cash.</p>
<p>7. On the recommendation of the Management Board, subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board, the general meeting may decide to make payments to holders of shares from the distributable part of the shareholders' equity.</p>	<p>7. On the recommendation of the Management Board, subject to the approval of the Supervisory Board, the general meeting may decide to make payments to holders of shares from the distributable part of the shareholders' equity.</p>	
<p>8. Any claim a shareholder may have to a distribution shall lapse after five years, to be computed from the day after the day on which such a distribution becomes payable.</p>	<p>8. Any claim a shareholder may have to a distribution shall lapse after five years, to be computed from the day after the day on which such a distribution becomes payable.</p>	
<p>9. If a resolution is adopted to make a distribution on shares, the company will make the distribution to the person in whose name the share is registered on the date as to be determined by the Management Board in accordance with the relevant laws and rules applicable to the</p>	<p>9. If a resolution is adopted to make a distribution on shares, the company will make the distribution to the person in whose name the share is registered on the date as to be determined by the Management Board in accordance with the relevant laws and rules applicable to the</p>	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
company. The Management Board shall determine the date from which a distribution to the persons entitled to the distribution as referred to in the previous sentence shall be made payable.	company. The Management Board shall determine the date from which a distribution to the persons entitled to the distribution as referred to in the previous sentence shall be made payable.	
General meetings Article 21.	General meetings Article 21.	
1. The annual general meeting shall be held every year within six months of the end of the financial year, in which shall be considered: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the consideration of the annual report; the adoption of the annual accounts; discharge of the members of the Management Board and the members of the Supervisory Board; notification of intended appointments of members of the Supervisory Board and members of the Management Board; any other matters put forward by the Supervisory Board or Management Board and announced pursuant to this article 21. 	1. The annual general meeting shall be held every year within six months of the end of the financial year, in which shall be considered: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the consideration of the annual <u>management</u> report; the adoption of the annual accounts; discharge of the members of the Management Board and the members of the Supervisory Board; notification of intended appointments of members of the Supervisory Board and members of the Management Board; any other matters put forward by the Supervisory Board or Management Board and announced pursuant to this article 21. 	<p>The proposed amendment concerns an update of terminology. The law refers to the term management report and no longer to the term annual report.</p> <p>It is proposed to remove this agenda item as an annual agenda item because the Supervisory Board prepares a (binding) nomination for the members of the Management Board and the members of the Supervisory Board to be appointed by the general meeting, and this does not concern a notification.</p>
2. General meetings will be held in Rotterdam, The Hague, Utrecht, Hoofddorp, Haarlemmermeer (Schiphol) or Amsterdam.	2. General meetings will be held in Rotterdam, The Hague, Utrecht, Hoofddorp, Haarlemmermeer (Schiphol) or Amsterdam.	
3. All convocations and notifications to the shareholders and other persons with voting rights and/or meeting rights shall be done in the manner prescribed by applicable law and regulations and with due observance of the periods required therein.	3. All convocations and notifications to the shareholders and other persons with voting rights and/or meeting rights shall be done in the manner prescribed by applicable law and regulations and with due observance of the periods required therein.	

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<p>4. Persons who are not registered in the shareholders' register and who are entitled to attend meetings with respect to registered shares may be convened by a publication made public by electronical means which publication will be directly and permanent accessible until the general meeting.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, a person registered in the shareholders' register and entitled to attend meetings with respect to registered shares may, if he agrees to this, be convened by a readable message send to him by electronical means to an address he has made known to the company for this purpose.</p>	<p>4. Persons who are not registered in the shareholders' register and who are entitled to attend meetings with respect to registered shares may be convened by a publication made public by electronical means which publication will be directly and permanent accessible until the general meeting.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, a person registered in the shareholders' register and entitled to attend meetings with respect to registered shares may, if he agrees to this, be convened by a readable message send to him by electronical means to an address he has made known to the company for this purpose.</p>	
<p>5. General meetings shall be convened by the Supervisory Board or the Management Board.</p>	<p>5. General meetings shall be convened by the Supervisory Board or the Management Board.</p>	
<p>6. Extraordinary general meetings shall be held as often as the Management Board or the Supervisory Board deems this necessary or upon the written request of those entitled to attend meetings, representing at least one-tenth of the issued capital, to the Management Board and/or the Supervisory Board, setting out the matters to be considered in detail.</p>	<p>6. Extraordinary general meetings shall be held as often as the Management Board or the Supervisory Board deems this necessary or upon the written request of those entitled to attend meetings, representing at least one-tenth of the issued capital, to the Management Board and/or the Supervisory Board, setting out the matters to be considered in detail.</p>	
<p>7. If shareholders representing at least one-tenth of the issued capital have requested the Management Board to call a general meeting, and, within thirty days thereof, no such meeting has been called, the parties requesting the meeting shall be authorised to call such meeting</p>	<p>7. If shareholders representing at least one-tenth of the issued capital have requested the Management Board to call a general meeting, and, within thirty days thereof, no such meeting has been called, the parties requesting the meeting shall be authorised to call such meeting</p>	

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themselves.	themselves.	
8. An item proposed by one or more shareholders having the right thereto according to the law, will be included in the convocation or announced in the same manner, provided the company receives such request no later than the sixtieth day before the day of the meeting.	8. An item proposed by one or more shareholders having the right thereto according to the law, will be included in the convocation or announced in the same manner, provided the company receives such request no later than the sixtieth day before the day of the meeting.	
Conduct of general meetings Article 22.	Conduct of general meetings Article 22.	
1. The general meetings will be chaired by the chairman of the Supervisory Board, or, in his absence by the deputy chairman of the Supervisory Board; if both are absent, the general meeting shall appoint the chairman.	1. The general meetings will be chaired by the chairman of the Supervisory Board, or, in his absence by the deputy chairman of the Supervisory Board; if both are absent, <u>the Supervisory Board will appoint the chairman. If no members of the Supervisory Board are present at the meeting,</u> the general meeting shall appoint the chairman.	It is proposed that the Supervisory Board is first given the opportunity to appoint a chairman if the chairman and deputy chairman of the Supervisory Board are not present. If no members of the Supervisory Board are present, the shareholders present at the meeting can appoint a chairman.
2. Minutes shall be kept of the items dealt with at the general meeting. The minutes shall be adopted by the chairman and the company secretary and shall be signed by them in witness thereof.	2. Minutes shall be kept of the items dealt with at the general meeting. The minutes shall be adopted by the chairman and the company secretary and shall be signed by them in witness thereof.	
3. The chairman of the meeting as well as any member of the Management Board may at all times commission the drawing up of a notarial record of the meeting at the company's expense.	3. The chairman of the meeting as well as any member of the Management Board may at all times commission the drawing up of a notarial record of the meeting at the company's expense.	
4. The chairman decides on disputes regarding voting, admission to the meeting and the general course of events during the meeting to the extent the articles of association or the law do not	4. The chairman decides on disputes regarding voting, admission to the meeting and the general course of events during the meeting to the extent the articles of association or the law do not	

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stipulate otherwise.	stipulate otherwise.	
	<u>5. A written confirmation signed by the chairman of the Supervisory Board and the company secretary stating that the general meeting has adopted a resolution constitutes valid proof of that resolution towards third parties. Resolutions adopted at a specific general meeting can also be evidenced by a statement signed by the chairman and the secretary of that general meeting.</u>	It is proposed to include this possibility to confirm decision-making in a general meeting.
Meeting rights, admission Article 23.	Meeting rights, admission Article 23.	
1. Each holder of shares which are not included in a collection deposit or the giro deposit, each participant as well as each other person with voting rights and/or meeting rights, is entitled, in person or through an attorney authorised in writing (including via legible and reproducible electronic means) for the specific meeting, to attend the general meeting, to address the meeting and, in case he is entitled to the voting rights, to exercise the voting rights.	1. Each holder of shares which are not included in a collection deposit or the giro deposit, each participant as well as each other person with voting rights and/or meeting rights, is entitled, in person or through an attorney authorised in writing (including via legible and reproducible electronic means) for the specific meeting, to attend the general meeting, to address the meeting and, in case he is entitled to the voting rights, to exercise the voting rights.	
2. To the extent required by law, the persons entitled to attend the general meeting are those who at the record date prescribed by law have these rights and have been registered as such in a register designated by the Management Board for that purpose regardless of who would have been entitled to attend the general meeting if no record date would apply. The convocation notice for the meeting shall state the record date and the	2. To the extent required by law, <u>with respect to a specific general meeting</u> , the persons entitled to attend the <u>that</u> general meeting <u>and the persons with voting rights</u> are those who at the record date prescribed by law have these rights and have been registered as such in a register designated by the Management Board for that purpose regardless of who would have been entitled to attend the general meeting <u>respectively who</u>	It is proposed to add a clarification as to who is entitled to attend and to vote at a specific general meeting.

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manner in which the persons entitled to attend the general meeting may register and exercise their rights.	<u>would have had voting rights</u> if no record date would apply. The convocation notice for the meeting shall state the record date and the manner in which the persons entitled to attend the general meeting may register and exercise their rights.	
	<u>3. In order for a person to be able to exercise meeting rights and the right to vote in a specific general meeting in person or represented by a written proxy, that person must notify the company in writing of his intention to do so no later than on such day and at such place mentioned in the notice convening the general meeting. The notice must contain the name and the number of shares the person or his or her proxy will represent in the general meeting. The requirement to provide a proxy in writing is met if the proxy is recorded electronically.</u>	It is proposed to clarify that a person with meeting rights and/or voting rights informs the company of his or her attendance to the general meeting or the issuance of a power of attorney in relation thereto, as is already customary in practice.
3. The Management Board may decide that persons entitled to attend general meetings and vote there may cast their vote electronically or by a post in a manner to be decided by the Management Board. The period prior to the general meeting during which the votes may be cast is to be set by the Management Board, however such period cannot start prior to the record date, to the extent applicable. Votes cast in accordance with the previous sentence are considered to be equal to votes cast at the meeting.	34. The Management Board may decide that persons entitled to attend general meetings and vote there may cast their vote electronically or by a post in a manner to be decided by the Management Board. The period prior to the general meeting during which the votes may be cast is to be set by the Management Board, however such period cannot start prior to the record date, to the extent applicable. Votes cast in accordance with the previous sentence are considered to be equal to votes cast at the meeting.	Re-numbering because of the new paragraph 3 in this article.
	<u>5. The Management Board may resolve that the</u>	It is proposed to include this option to follow the general

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	<u>proceedings at the general meeting may be observed by electronic means of communication.</u>	meeting through electronic means of communication in the articles of association.
	<u>6. The Management Board may decide that each person with meeting rights and each person with voting rights has the right, in person or represented by a written proxy, to exercise the rights as described in paragraph 1 using electronic means of communication, provided that such person can be identified via the same electronic means and is able to directly observe the proceedings and, to the extent applicable, to vote at the general meeting. The Management Board may also resolve that the electronic means of communication used must allow the aforementioned person, to participate in the deliberations. The Management Board may attach conditions to the use of the electronic means of communication.</u>	It is proposed that the Management Board may decide that persons entitled to vote and persons entitled to attend meetings may remotely participate in the meeting in real-time. A statutory basis is required to make use of this option.
4. The attendance list must be signed by each person with voting rights and/or meeting rights or his representative.	4. The attendance list must be signed by each person with voting rights and/or meeting rights or his representative.	It is proposed to no longer include this requirement in the articles of association, also in view of the possibility of virtual participation in the meeting (we refer to the new paragraph 6 above).
5. The members of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Management Board shall have the right to attend the general meeting. In these meetings they shall have an advisory vote.	5 7. The members of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Management Board shall have the right to attend the general meeting. In these meetings they shall have an advisory vote.	Re-numbering due to the addition of new paragraphs 3, 5 and 6 of this article.
Voting Article 24.	Voting Article 24.	
1. Each share shall confer the right to cast one vote.	1. Each share shall confer the right to cast one vote.	It is proposed to include this clarification on blank and

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	<u>Blank votes and invalid votes are regarded as votes that have not been cast.</u>	invalid votes in the articles of association.
2. Insofar as the law or these articles of association do not prescribe a larger majority, resolutions shall be passed by an absolute majority of votes cast.	2. Insofar as the law or these articles of association do not prescribe a larger majority, <u>The general meeting passes</u> resolutions shall be passed by an absolute majority of votes cast, <u>regardless of which part of the issued share capital such votes represent, unless the law or these articles of association provide otherwise.</u>	It is proposed to clarify in the articles of association that, in principle, the general meeting takes all resolutions by an absolute majority of the votes cast, regardless of the capital represented at the meeting, unless the law or the articles of association provide otherwise.
3. The chairman may determine the manner of voting in the general meeting with due observance of the votes cast prior to the general meeting in accordance with article 23 paragraph 3, to the extent applicable. In the event of the election of persons, anyone entitled to vote may demand that voting shall take place by written ballot, with the exception of the votes cast prior to the general meeting in accordance with article 23 paragraph 3, to the extent applicable. Voting by written ballot shall take place by means of sealed, unsigned ballot papers.	3. The chairman may determine the manner of voting in the general meeting with due observance of the votes cast prior to the general meeting in accordance with article 23 paragraph 3 <u>4</u> , to the extent applicable. In the event of the election of persons, anyone entitled to vote may demand that voting shall take place by written ballot, with the exception of the votes cast prior to the general meeting in accordance with article 23 paragraph 3 <u>4</u> , to the extent applicable. Voting by written ballot shall take place by means of sealed, unsigned ballot papers.	Re-numbering due to the re-numbering of the current article 23 paragraph 3.
Meetings of holders of preferred shares Article 25.	Meetings of holders of preferred shares Article 25.	
Meetings of holders of preferred shares will be convened as often as this might be necessary in the opinion of the Management Board, the Supervisory Board or one or more holders of preferred shares, in total representing at least forty per cent (40%) of the issued preferred shares. Convocation will be affected by means of a registered	Meetings of holders of preferred shares will be convened as often as this might be necessary in the opinion of the Management Board, the Supervisory Board or one or more holders of preferred shares, in total representing at least forty per cent (40%) of the issued preferred shares. Convocation will be affected by means of a registered	

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letter, directed to the address according to the shareholders' register. The provision of articles 21 through 24 apply mutatis mutandis, this with the exceptions that (i) the convocation shall be effected no later than the eighth day preceding the meeting and (ii) the meeting arranges the chairmanship and article 23 paragraph 5 shall not apply.	letter, directed to the address according to the shareholders' register. The provision of articles 21 through 24 apply mutatis mutandis, this with the exceptions that (i) the convocation shall be effected no later than the eighth day preceding the meeting and (ii) the meeting arranges the chairmanship and article 23 paragraph 5 <u>7</u> shall not apply.	Proposed amendment due to the proposed re-numbering of the current article 23 paragraph 5.
Amendments to the articles of association, legal merger, legal demerger, dissolution and liquidation Article 26.	Amendments to the articles of association, legal merger, legal demerger, dissolution and liquidation Article 26.	
1. Without prejudice to article 2:331 and 2:334ff Dutch Civil Code, on proposal of the Management Board which has been approved by the Supervisory Board in accordance with article 14, the general meeting may resolve to amend the company's articles, to conclude a legal merger (<i>juridische fusie</i>) or a legal demerger (<i>juridische splitsing</i>), or to dissolve the company.	1. Without prejudice to article 2:331 and 2:334ff Dutch Civil Code, on proposal of the Management Board which has been approved by the Supervisory Board in accordance with article 14, the general meeting may resolve to amend the company's articles, to conclude a legal merger (<i>juridische fusie</i>) or a legal demerger (<i>juridische splitsing</i>), or to dissolve the company.	
2. The full proposal shall be available at the offices of the company from the day of the convocation to the general meeting until the close of same for inspection by those who are entitled to attend meetings; the copies of this proposal shall be made available free of charge to those who are entitled to attend meetings.	2. The full proposal shall be available at the offices of the company from the day of the convocation to the general meeting until the close of same for inspection by those who are entitled to attend meetings; the copies of this proposal shall be made available free of charge to those who are entitled to attend meetings.	
3. Upon dissolution, the liquidation of the company shall be effected by the Management Board, unless the general meeting has designated other liquidators.	3. Upon dissolution, the liquidation of the company shall be effected by the Management Board, unless the general meeting has designated other liquidators.	

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<p>4. The remainder of the company's assets after payment of all debts and the costs of the liquidation shall be distributed as follows:</p> <p>a. first, the holders of the preferred shares shall be paid the nominal amount paid on their preferred shares, increased by (i) any deficit in the payment of dividend as referred to in paragraph 3 of article 20 and (ii) an amount equal to the percentage referred to in paragraph 3 of article 20 on the compulsory amount paid on the preferred shares, calculated over the period starting on the first day of the last full financial year prior to the liquidation and ending on the day of the payment on preferred shares as referred to in this article, with due observance of the fact that any and all dividends and/or other distributions paid on the preferred shares relating to such period shall be deducted from the payment as referred to in this subparagraph;</p> <p>b. the remainder shall be paid to the holders of ordinary shares, in proportion to the number of ordinary shares that each party owns.</p>	<p>4. The remainder of the company's assets after payment of all debts and the costs of the liquidation shall be distributed as follows:</p> <p>a. first, the holders of the preferred shares shall be paid the nominal amount paid on their preferred shares, increased by (i) any deficit in the payment of dividend as referred to in paragraph 3<u>4</u> of article 20 and (ii) an amount equal to the percentage referred to in paragraph 3<u>4</u> of article 20 on the compulsory amount paid on the preferred shares, calculated over the period starting on the first day of the last full financial year prior to the liquidation and ending on the day of the payment on preferred shares as referred to in this article, with due observance of the fact that any and all dividends and/or other distributions paid on the preferred shares relating to such period shall be deducted from the payment as referred to in this subparagraph;</p> <p>b. the remainder shall be paid to the holders of ordinary shares, in proportion to the number of ordinary shares that each party owns.</p>	<p>Proposed amendment due to the envisioned reference to the details in paragraph 4 of article 20.</p>
<p>5. During the liquidation, the provisions of the articles of association shall remain in force in as much as possible.</p>	<p>5. During the liquidation, the provisions of the articles of association shall remain in force in as much as possible.</p>	
<p>Resolutions outside formal meeting</p>	<p>Resolutions outside formal meeting</p>	

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Article 27. After the members of the Management Board and the members of the Supervisory Board have been given the opportunity to advise on this item, shareholders may also adopt resolutions without convening a general meeting, provided that the shareholders entitled to vote approve the resolution in writing (including all forms of transmission of written material) unanimously. The foregoing shall not apply if there are usufructuaries with the right to vote.	Article 27. After the members of the Management Board and the members of the Supervisory Board have been given the opportunity to advise on this item, shareholders may also adopt resolutions without convening a general meeting, provided that the shareholders entitled to vote approve the resolution in writing (including all forms of transmission of written material <u>via reproducible electronic means</u>) unanimously. The foregoing shall not apply if there are usufructuaries with the right to vote.	It is proposed that resolutions can also be taken outside meetings via reproducible electronic means.
Share consolidation and fractional shares Article 28. 1. With effect from the amendment to the articles of association of the twenty-second day of May two thousand and nineteen (part II), the ordinary shares with a nominal value of at that time three euro and thirty-four cents (EUR 3.34) each, held immediately prior thereto by a shareholder (which may be the Company), were consolidated into such number of ordinary shares with a nominal value of at that time five euro and ninety-four cents (EUR 5.95) each, as shall be found by multiplying the total number of ordinary shares with a nominal value of at that time three euro and thirty-four cents (EUR 3.34) each, held by the respective shareholder immediately prior to this amendment to this articles of association, by nine/sixteenth (9/16), with the further provision that the numerator of a fraction of one (1) ordinary	Share consolidation and fractional shares Article 28. 1. With effect from the amendment to the articles of association of the twenty-second day of May two thousand and nineteen (part II), the ordinary shares with a nominal value of at that time three euro and thirty-four cents (EUR 3.34) each, held immediately prior thereto by a shareholder (which may be the Company), were consolidated into such number of ordinary shares with a nominal value of at that time five euro and ninety-four cents (EUR 5.95) each, as shall be found by multiplying the total number of ordinary shares with a nominal value of at that time three euro and thirty-four cents (EUR 3.34) each, held by the respective shareholder immediately prior to this amendment to this articles of association, by nine/sixteenth (9/16), with the further provision that the numerator of a fraction of one (1) ordinary	The company no longer has any outstanding fractional shares in its capital, as a result of which this transitional provision has lapsed.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
<p>share with a nominal value of at that time three euro and thirty-four cents (EUR 3.34) each, of which fraction the denominator equalled sixteen (16), and which result will be rounded up by fractions of ten (10), shall designate the number of fractional shares with a claim on one/sixteenth (1/16) part of an ordinary share with at that time a nominal value of five euro and ninety-four cents (EUR 5.94) designated that the respective shareholder also held as of this particular amendment to the articles of association in connection with the aforementioned consolidation of ordinary shares.</p> <p>With effect from this amendment to the articles of association of the twenty-second day of May two thousand and nineteen (part III), each fractional share represents one/sixteenth (1/16) part of an ordinary share with a nominal value of twenty cents (EUR 0.20).</p>	<p>share with a nominal value of at that time three euro and thirty-four cents (EUR 3.34) each, of which fraction the denominator equalled sixteen (16), and which result will be rounded up by fractions of ten (10), shall designate the number of fractional shares with a claim on one/sixteenth (1/16) part of an ordinary share with at that time a nominal value of five euro and ninety-four cents (EUR 5.94) designated that the respective shareholder also held as of this particular amendment to the articles of association in connection with the aforementioned consolidation of ordinary shares.</p> <p>With effect from this amendment to the articles of association of the twenty-second day of May two thousand and nineteen (part III), each fractional share represents one/sixteenth (1/16) part of an ordinary share with a nominal value of twenty cents (EUR 0.20).</p>	
<p>2. Each fractional share shall be in registered form.</p>	<p>2. Each fractional share shall be in registered form.</p>	
<p>3. Without prejudice to the other provisions of this article 28, the provisions of Title 4 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code on shares and shareholders shall apply accordingly to fractional shares and holders of fractional shares, to the extent not stipulated otherwise in those provisions.</p>	<p>3. Without prejudice to the other provisions of this article 28, the provisions of Title 4 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code on shares and shareholders shall apply accordingly to fractional shares and holders of fractional shares, to the extent not stipulated otherwise in those provisions.</p>	
<p>4. The provisions of these articles of association with respect to shares and shareholders shall apply accordingly to fractional shares and holders of fractional shares, to the extent not stipulated</p>	<p>4. The provisions of these articles of association with respect to shares and shareholders shall apply accordingly to fractional shares and holders of fractional shares, to the extent not stipulated</p>	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
otherwise in those provisions and paragraphs 5 up to and including 7 of this article 28.	otherwise in those provisions and paragraphs 5 up to and including 7 of this article 28.	
5. A holder of one or more fractional shares may exercise the meeting and voting rights attached to an ordinary share together with one or more other holders of one or more fractional shares to the extent the total number of fractional shares held by such holders of fractional shares equals sixteen (16) or a multiple thereof. These rights shall be exercised either by one of them who has been authorized to that effect by the others in writing, or by a proxy authorized to that effect by those holders of fractional shares in writing.	5. A holder of one or more fractional shares may exercise the meeting and voting rights attached to an ordinary share together with one or more other holders of one or more fractional shares to the extent the total number of fractional shares held by such holders of fractional shares equals sixteen (16) or a multiple thereof. These rights shall be exercised either by one of them who has been authorized to that effect by the others in writing, or by a proxy authorized to that effect by those holders of fractional shares in writing.	
6. Each holder of a fractional share is entitled to one/sixteenth (1/16) part of the (interim) dividend and any other distribution to which the holder of one (1) ordinary share is entitled.	6. Each holder of a fractional share is entitled to one/sixteenth (1/16) part of the (interim) dividend and any other distribution to which the holder of one (1) ordinary share is entitled.	
7. In the event the holder of one or more fractional shares acquires such number of fractional shares that the total number of fractional shares held by him at least equals twenty cents (EUR 0.20), then each time sixteen (16) fractional shares are held by him shall be consolidated into one ordinary share by operation of law.	7. In the event the holder of one or more fractional shares acquires such number of fractional shares that the total number of fractional shares held by him at least equals twenty cents (EUR 0.20), then each time sixteen (16) fractional shares are held by him shall be consolidated into one ordinary share by operation of law.	
8. One or more ordinary shares held by the company in its own share capital, can be divided into sixteen (16) fractional shares upon a resolution of the Management Board. Fractional shares created in this way, will not be consolidated in accordance with article 28.7 as long as those fractional shares	8. One or more ordinary shares held by the company in its own share capital, can be divided into sixteen (16) fractional shares upon a resolution of the Management Board. Fractional shares created in this way, will not be consolidated in accordance with article 28.7 as long as those fractional shares	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION BEFORE THE AMENDMENT CONCERNED	PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	EXPLANATORY NOTES
are held by the Company, unless the Management Board resolves to consolidate in accordance with article 28.7.	are held by the Company, unless the Management Board resolves to consolidate in accordance with article 28.7.	
9. This article and its heading shall (under renumbering of the articles included in the articles of association after this article and the references to those articles) lapse per the moment that no fractional shares are outstanding anymore.	9. This article and its heading shall (under renumbering of the articles included in the articles of association after this article and the references to those articles) lapse per the moment that no fractional shares are outstanding anymore.	